

Working Draft Agenda:

- Overview of Additional Soil (RCRA/CMS) Investigations Scope and Results
- 2. Technical Implications of Soil Investigation Results & Next Steps
 - Technical Physical/Technical limitations (Geology)
 - Soil Cleanup goals (30 ppb for Carbon Tet.) Site-specific Riskbased criteria needed
 - Part B Permit Implications
- 3. Status Update of Pump-Treat Remedy
- 4. Well Inventory (Update) and Recommendations





Overview of Additional Soil (RCRA/CMS) Investigations:

- Objective: To determine if Soil Vapor Extraction (SVE) modifications may be needed and where we stand with soil remediation (May 8, 2016 Work Plan letter approved by EPA July 2016).
- <u>Scope</u>: 4 Soil borings consistent with CMS for post-remediation confirmation sampling scope (see Figure)
 - Per CMS Soil sampling at 5-ft intervals from 100 to 200 ft bgs or refusal,
 - Additional to CMS: Screened for VOCs with PID from 80 to 100 ft (or refusal) – with discretion to submit additional samples for analysis
 - CMS: Carbon Tetrachloride target cleanup level 30 ppb.





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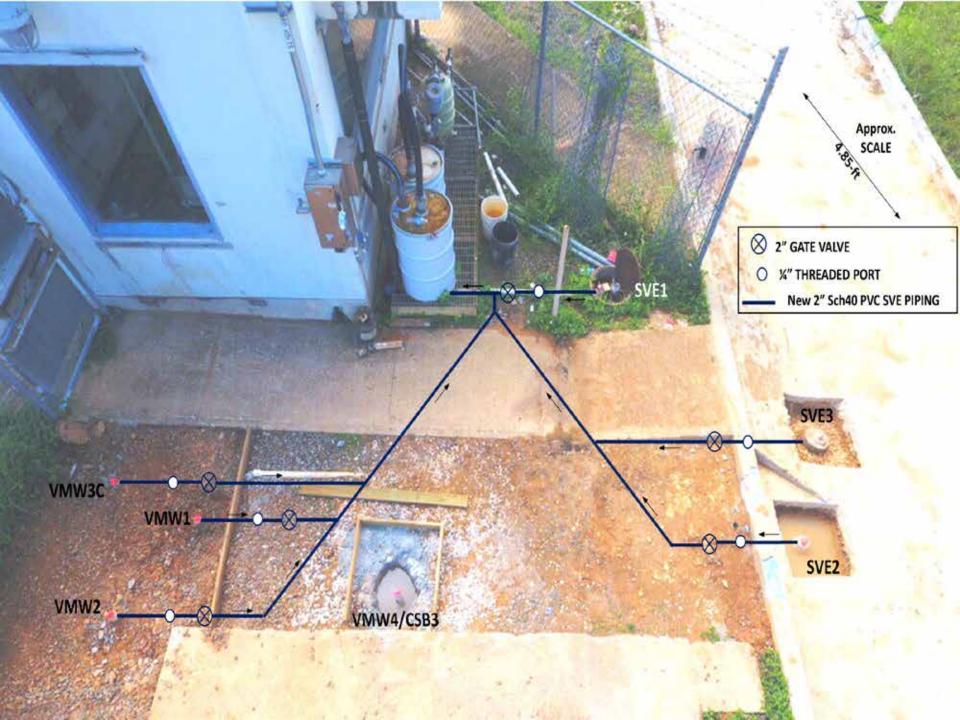
Former Upjohn Arecibo Site Fig. 14 CMS Confirmatory Borings

ARECIBO, PUERTO RICO











Former Upjohn - Arecibo Site Fig 10 CMS Cross-Section Loc.

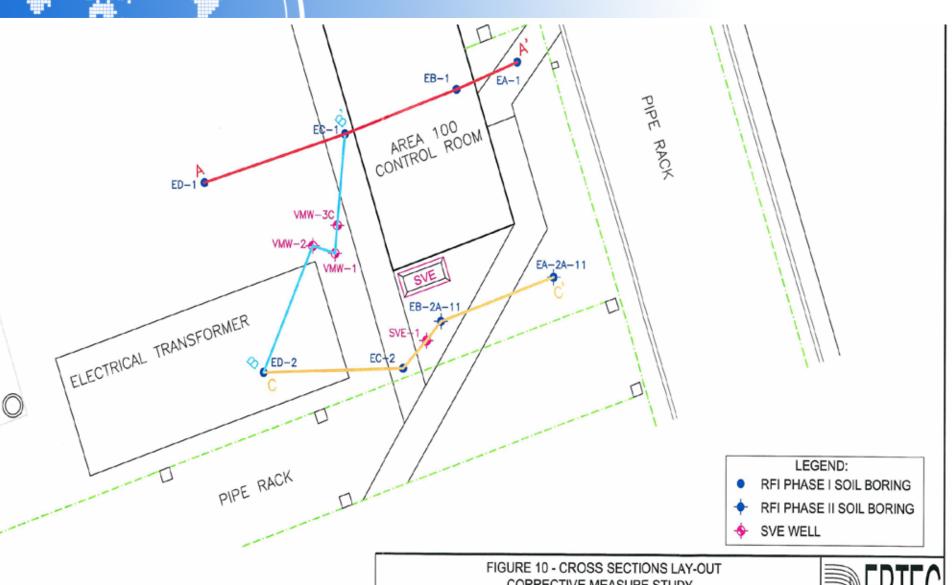
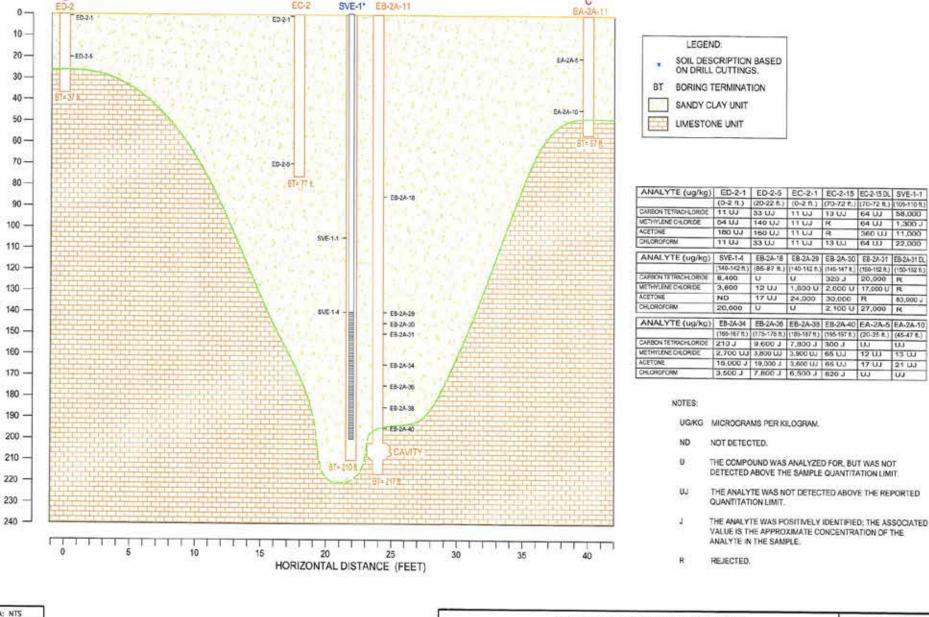


FIGURE 10 - CROSS SECTIONS LAY-OU'
CORRECTIVE MEASURE STUDY
PFIZER PHARMACEUTICALS LLC
ARECIBO, PUERTO RICO





C

IG 13

R: EDH

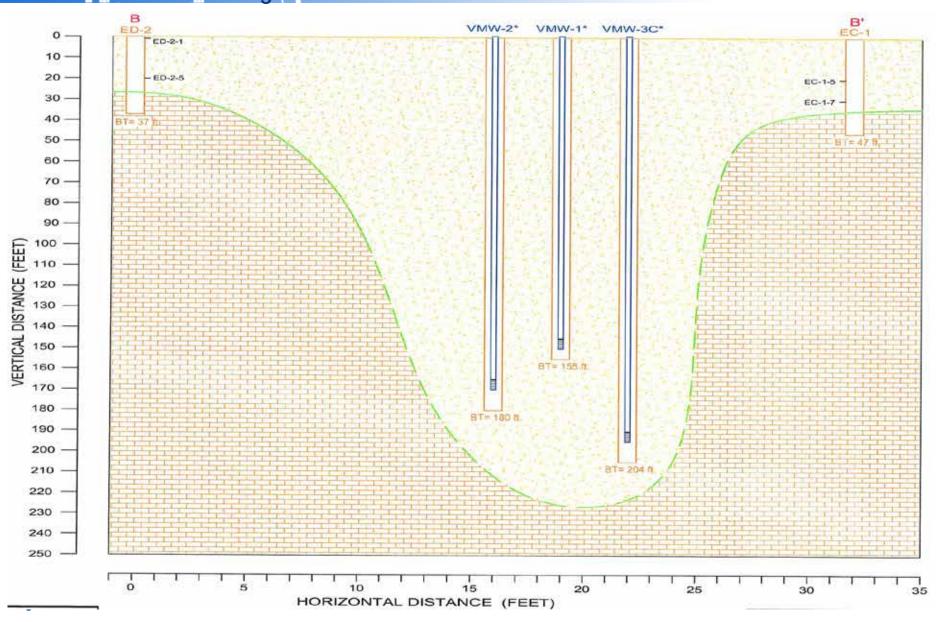
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FIGURE 13 - CROSS SECTION C-C' CORRECTIVE MEASURE STUDY PFIZER PHARMACEUTICALS LLC ARECIBO, PUERTO RICO

C



Former Upjohn - Arecibo Site Nov. 15, 2016 Meeting w/EPA Fig 12 From CMS - VMW's used for SVE





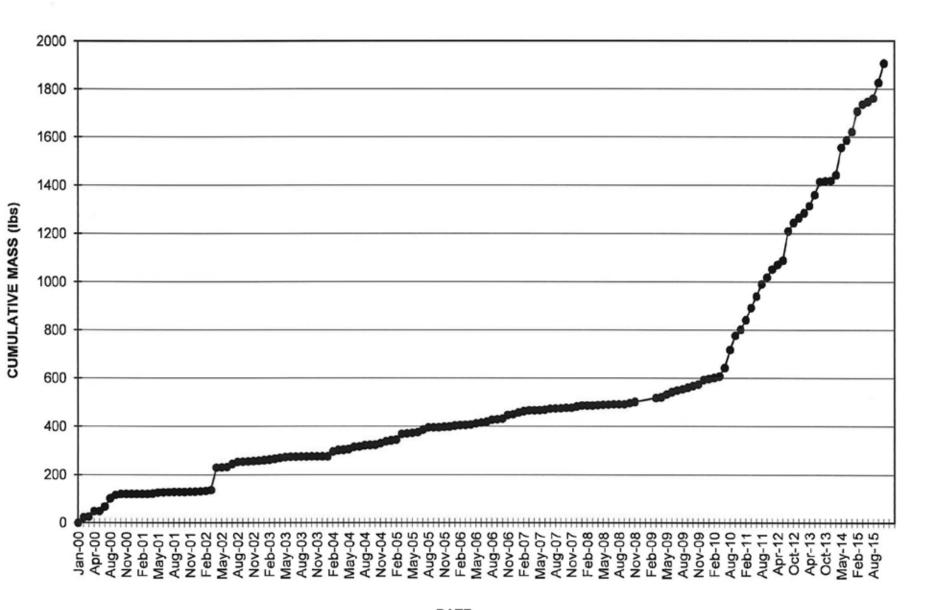
Well ID	Well Diameter (inches)	Well Depth (feet bgs)	Screen Interval (feet bgs)	Well Sump Interval (feet bgs)	
VMW-1	2	150	145 to 150	NA	
VMW-2	2	170	165 to 170	NA	
VMW-3C	2	195	190 to 195	NA	
SVE-1	4	200	140 to 190	190 to 200	

Wells previously used for SVE in CMS





TOTAL VOCs CUMULATIVE MONTHLY EXTRACTION



DATE

Pulsing procedures since February 2010. Pulsing on-off periods on 1-month basis from February thru May 2014. Pulsing on/off periods on 2-months basis from June thru August 2014, and since September 2015.



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LEGEND

Confirmatory soil boring

Vapor extraction well

Former UST location (failed tank FA-12
Existing structure

NOTES

- 1. UST = underground storage tank.
- 2. AST = aboveground storage tank.
- 3. Well and boring locations from Ertech, 2005.
- 4. UST locations from CDM, 1984, and Ertech, 19
- 5. All locations approximate.

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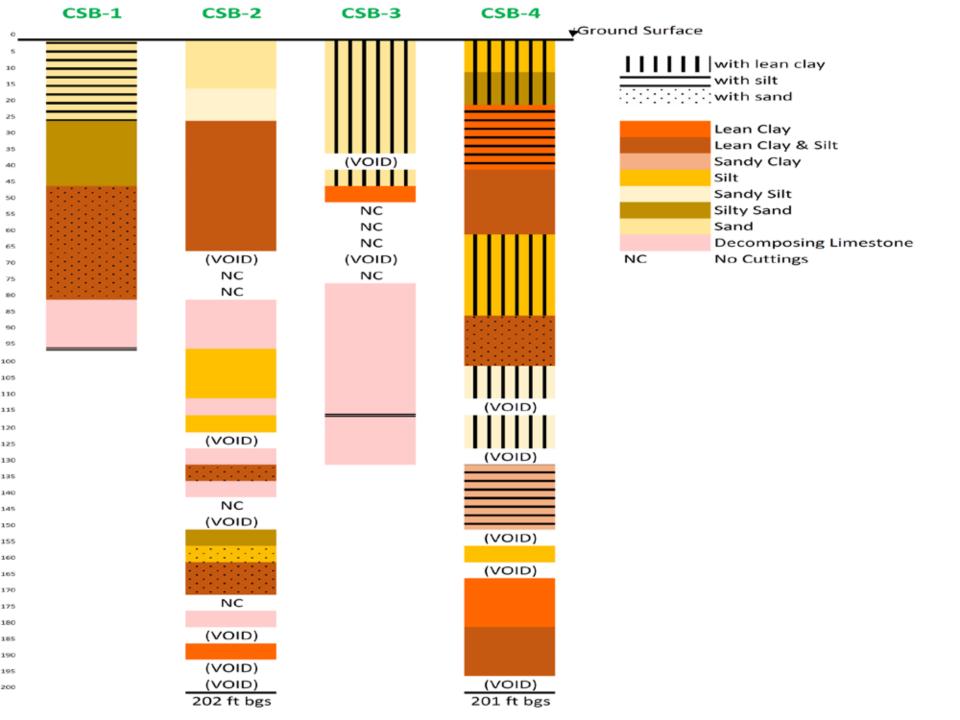
1. General Results of Soil Investigation:

- <u>CSB-1</u> TD 95.25 ft (Refusal) w/ no PID readings (zero) or no recovery (80-95 ft).
- CSB-2 TD 202 ft.; 9 soil samples for VOC analysis:
 - 38,000 ppb CT @ 185-190 ft
- <u>CSB-3</u> TD 165 ft; 1 soil sample @ 95 ft (ND for VOCs) due to poor recovery (weathered rock);
- CSB-4 TD 201 ft; 8 samples for VOC analysis:
 - 17,000,000 ppb (1.7 %) CT 100 to 105 ft
 - 65,000 ppb CT 195 to 200 ft.
 - 2,000 to 13,000 ppb CT from 115 to 160 ft





Sample Depth	CSB-2			CSB-4				
Interval	Acetone	Carbon Tet.	Chloroform	Meth Cl	Acetone	Carbon Tet.	Chloroform	Meth Cl
(ft)	8,000	30	300	10	8,000	30	300	10
80-85								
85-90	9U	3J	2J	4U				
90-95								
95-100								
100-105					41,000U	17,000,000	9,000J	20,000U
105-110	20	4U	4U	4U				
110-115								
115-120	6J*	250	15*	4U	8U	2,100	860	7
120-125								
125-130	16	11	3J	4U				
130-135								
135-140		-	-		29	13,000	2,000	62
140-145		-	-		-	-	-	
145-150	11	14	2J	4U	-	1	-	
150-155	72	41	8	4U	-	1	-	
155-160	390U	26	5	5U	18U	2,000	1,200	40
160-165		-				-		
165-170	53	4U	4U	4U		-		
170-175		-			-	-		
175-180		-	-		140	12	15,000	1,700
180-185		-			430U	1,400	8,600	340
185-190	17	38,000	1,700	32				
190-195								
195-200					11,000	65,000*	39,000	5,200*
Final Interval					550U	12,000	5,200	270U





Observations:

- Relatively shallow zone (100 to 105 ft) of high concentrations (1.7 % CT) were found in CSB-4 where previously detected in CMS; no SVE wells were previously screened at that depth.
- High concentrations were primarily associated with lean clays where air movement is very limited.
- Relatively high concentrations were also found at depths that correspond to screen intervals of active SVE-wells – indicating limitations in air flow (radius of influence and diffusion/rate-limited in clay-rich areas); thus, target criteria of 30 ppb for carbon tetrachloride in soils is not technically practical nor achievable.





Results Cont.

Based on soil sampling results:

- Two additional SVE wells and one additional VM-Well installed:
 - SVE-2 Screened 100-105' adjacent to CSB-4 (1.7% CT)
 - SVE-3 Screened 195-200' adjacent to CSB-4 (65,000 ppb CT)
 - VMW-4 Screened 95-105' (in CSB-3)







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Next Steps RE: RCRA – CMS:

- Conduct SVE performance testing (including vapor sampling) on each SVE well and develop system modifications (if necessary) and revised operating schedule (November 2016).
- 2. Prepare/submit report to Agencies summarizing investigation results, SVE performance testing results, and system modifications (Dec 2016).
- 3. Continue SVE operations and routine qtly and semi-annual groundwater sampling (as currently approved) - for a certain period of time (e.g. 2 years) to evaluate groundwater quality response (improvements) to SVE modifications before evaluating further options/actions for soil/source area.
- 4. Evaluate risk-based clean-up goals of soils that are more applicable to protection of groundwater (risk-based) as current target criteria are not practical for isolated clay-rich pockets. Update site Risk Assessment.
- 5. Discuss options for closing out or modifying the Part B Permit (e.g. closing operational portion of permit given all operating units are closed keeping CMS/remediation scope element).







Former Upjohn Arecibo Site Pump/Treat Status

Pump/Treat Status Update:

- Concentrations remain at low-levels: 5 to 13 ppb in extraction wells UE-1 & UE-2 pumping 300 gpm combined (200 GPM in UE-1 & 100 GPM UE-2).
- Ø No exceedances in MCLs or significant increases down-gradient since pumping reduction (600 gpm to 300 gpm) - in May 2015 − as documented in Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports.
- Pump/Treat operational reliability has been very good (very little down-time

 avg. few hours per year) since upgraded (automated) system was
 installed in 2010.
- Recent soil sampling information further confirms technically not practical to totally eliminate low-level source in 300 feet of karst vadose-zone (33 years of pumping – began 1983).

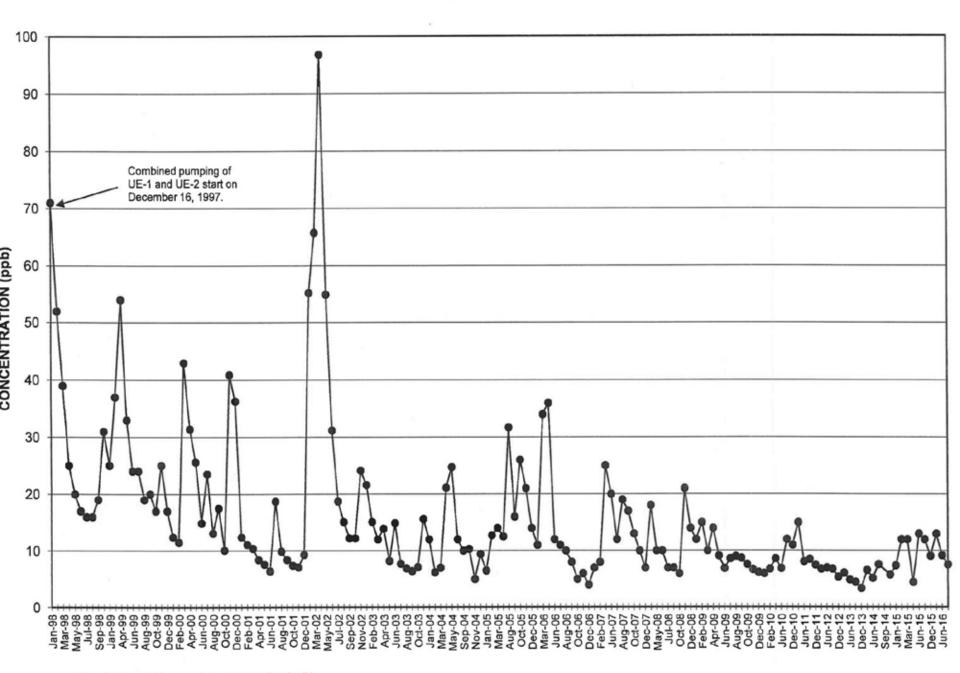




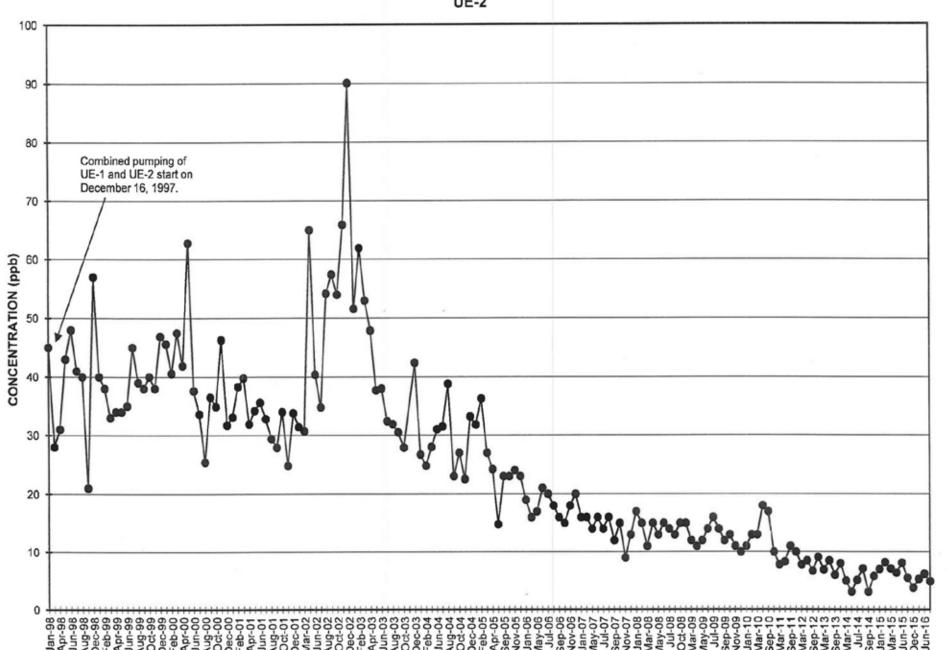
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE CONCENTRATIONS IN GROUNDWATER - 2016 SEMI-ANNUAL MONITORING PROGRESS REPORT - APRIL TO SEPTEMBER 2016 PFIZER PHARMACEUTICALS LLC (FORMER UPJOHN CO.) ARECIBO, PUERTO RICO

	Period:	03/161/	06/16 ^{2/}	09/161/	
Well ID	Pumping Rate:	250 gpm combined	300 gpm combined ^{4/}	300 gpm combined (ug/L)	
	Units:	(ug/L)	(ug/L)		
	MCL:		5 ug/L		
UE-1		13	9.2	7.6	
UE-2		5.3	6.2	4.9	
AT-IN		9.6	8.4	7.6	
AT-OUT		0.27J	2.7	1.0u	
MW-1		6.2	3/	1.9	
MW-6		3.0	3/	2.0	
MW-9		1.0U	3/	1.0u	
MW-12		1.0U	3/	1.0u	
MW-17		2.6	3/	1.4	
MW-18		0.88J+	3/	2.6	
MW-301B		7.5	3/	3.5	
MW-302		6.6	3/	5.6	

CARBON TETRACHLORIDE IN GROUNDWATER UE-1



CARBON TETRACHLORIDE IN GROUNDWATER UE-2



Well Inventory (update) - In Oct 2016 Semi-Annual Report

- Scope: Searched for historic wells with last survey in 1997 (19 years ago).
- Results: Some wells found some not due to access (thick forest).
- Recommendations: Request EPA approval to seal/plug (abandon) accessible wells not used for groundwater monitoring network north of Rt 2 (i.e. MW-23, MW-204, MW-102, MW-16 MW-20, & MW-21)





